Children's Book Insider

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Above the Slushpile Submission Opportunitus



A Chat with Legendary Author



interview by Sharon O. Blumberg

In his long and prolific career, Avi has had Ja huge impact on modern children's literature. He is the award-winning author of over 80 books for children and young adults, with books number 84 and 85 — Loyalty and City of Magic, scheduled for publication in 2022. Raised in Brooklyn in New York City, Avi was a serious reader from early childhood on, as he grew up in a home where books and reading

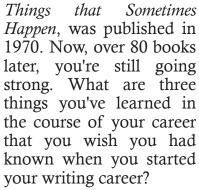
were encouraged and important (he comes from a family of writers extending back into the 19th century). Born Edward Irving Wortis, his twin sister started calling him Avi when they were a year old, and the unique and legendary name remained.

Few authors have amassed prestigious many awards as Avi. Here's just a sampling: Newbery Award for Crispin: the Cross of Lead, Newbery Honor

for True Confessions of Charlotte Doyle, Newbery Honor for Nothing but the Truth, Boston Globe Horn Book Award for Poppy, Scott O'Dell Historical Fiction Award for *The Fighting Ground*, Christopher Award for Encounter at Easton, and the Anne V. Zarrow Award for Young Readers' Literature. So far seven of his titles have been named ALA Notable Books: The Barn, Crispin at the Edge of the World, The Fighting Ground, Nothing But the Truth, Poppy, Silent Movie, and Who Was That Masked Man Anyway?

Avi's website (avi-writer.com) features his Word Craft blog with posts on his writing life, and the listing each of his titles includes "The Story Behind the Story", where readers can learn where he got the idea for the book. Terrific information for fans of Avi's books, as well as aspiring authors.

SHARON BLUMBERG: Your first book,





AVI: I think the key to becoming a good writer is to first become a good reader. My mantra is "Writers don't write writing they write reading." When you

write for young readers, that is even more important. You must please and engage them. I don't think anyone is a born good writer. You become a good writer. And there is no end to that becoming. Good writing is hard and elusive. It is a rare skill. If you are not humbled by trying to write well, you are not working hard enough.

SB: Since you first started writing for children after you became a father, were there any earlier experiences, including your childhood, that

perhaps put you on the path to becoming the author you are today?

AVI: I grew up in a home in which books and reading were especially important. When I was a child, I was read to nightly by my mother. Family visits to the local library were weekly occasions. I was encouraged to use the library on my own as soon as age allowed. There were never restrictions on what I read. Every birthday, every Christmas I received at least one book. (I still have a few of them.) My siblings and I were encouraged to have our own libraries. It's hardly a coincidence that my twin sister is also a writer.

SB: You have won a number of prestigious awards, among them, a Newbery and two Newbery Honors. How did this change your career as an author? Did winning an award make it easier to sell your next manuscript, or did you still have to endure rejections like less-established authors do?

AVI: The Newbery is never anything you deserve. It is always a gift. I think it's a mistake to believe otherwise. One of my first thoughts upon hearing I won the Newbery was, "Oh, Lord, the next book better be good." And indeed, that next book was one of my hardest books to write, and not necessarily a particularly good one.

Winning a Newbery gives you, if you will, a brand name. You do earn more in a profession that is famously hard to make a living. I think the award can give you the self-confidence to go on, but it does nothing to help you actually write. In fact, it may make it harder, as you try to live up to your (given) reputation.

It can also make it harder to work with

certain editors. They can think I know exactly what I am doing, even when I don't. Their disappointment when I don't come up with something really good is palpable.

SB: You never seem to pigeonhole yourself as an author. You write across genres, age groups, and have used both animal and human protagonists in your work. Does each new

type of book require developing a specific new skill set as an author?

AVI: I think each book is its own story and I have to find my way with each one. While I am sure readers will find some similarities among

my many books, I think each had its own set of rules. Each has to find its way. I am very much an intuitive writer. I discover things as I write, including the story itself. I don't have rules for myself or my work, other than it must be good. I am not interested in teaching but in narrating experiences.

Over the years the books have become harder to write. I'd like to think that's because my standards are more demanding.

Of late, I've been struggling with a new book. Yesterday, at the end of the day, my wife said to me, "It went well for you today, didn't it?"

"How did you know?"

"Your typing was fast."

So much for the process.

SB: You've written more than once that the idea behind a book came from something you overheard while going about your everyday life. Is it important for authors to keep their ears open for story connections that

may spring from other people's lives? Can you give one or two examples of how this came about for at least one of your books?

AVI: No More Magic, S.O.R. Losers, Catch you later, Traitor, Seer of Shadows, Wolf Rider, A Place Called Ugly, to name a few, are based on things that happened to me.

Crispin, The Button War, The Secret School, Nothing But the Truth, Sometimes I Think I Hear My Name, were predicated on experiences I heard others relate, or overheard.

The key tools for writers are ears and a heart.

SB: You visit and Skype with students in schools from all over the world. Could you please share with us some of your most interesting interactions and also share some of the most memorable comments you've received regarding reader feedback?

AVI: It always surprises me that what I'm asked by young readers is so similar no matter where I am.

"Where do you get your ideas?" "How long does it take for you to write a book?" "What's your favorite book?" and so on. Interesting questions. "What's your opinion of adjectives?" "How has writing changed you?" "What do you think makes for a good book?" "How, over the years, has your writing changed?"

SB: How are you able to so successfully create characters, conflicts, dialog, and stories that are topical, fresh, relevant, and relatable to today's teens?

AVI: I have no idea other than I try to live in the world.

SB: The publishing industry has changed dramatically since you began writing children's books in the 1970s. Do you have any advice for new authors on how to develop their craft, or keep their focus and passion alive as they navigate through today's submission and publishing process?

AVI: The most important people in your publishing world are your spouse or partner, your agent, your editor, and your publicist. In that order. Treat them well, with great respect, and while you can disagree, never argue. There's nothing wrong with writing for yourself, but professional writing is writing for others.

> In today's world, we do not put a high value on reading, learning, or knowledge. We overvalue personal feelings and judgements. Speaking is more important than listening. But I think beyond all else, the good writer needs good ears, good memory, and a love of reading and language. The rest is a willingness to work.

And using a spell-checker.